MOORS FOR THE FUTURE



For Peat's Sake: Restoring our Moorlands



Peat pans

Rocky outcrops

- EROSION CONTROL
 - Gully blocking with stone, wood, plastic or peat
 - Geotextiles to stabilise upper walls
- VEGETATION REGENERATION
 - Lime, seed and fertiliser
 - Geotextiles to hold and shelter lime, seed & fertiliser
- ◊ Plug planting

- FOOTPATHS
- ♦ Flagstones over areas of bare peat
- Path definition (consider re-routing around pans)
- VEGETATION REGENERATION
 - ♦ Heather Brash
 - ♦ Lime, seed and fertiliser
- Sphagnum beads

• FOOTPATHS

- Pitching for steep sections
- Aggregate for gentle sections
- Path definition as appropriate
- VEGETATION REGENERATION
 - ◊ Grass seed
 - ♦ Lime and fertiliser if necessary



Cloughs

- WOODLAND CREATION / REGENERATION
- INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL
- Bracken (knapsack due to proximity to watercourses)
- ♦ Rhododendron
- FOOTPATHS
 - Pitching for steep sections
 - Aggregate for gentle sections
- Path definition as appropriate
- STOCK CONTROL
- Dry stone walls preferred (permanent)
- Fencing a possibility (eg to establish woodlands)

Slopes

- INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL
- ♦ Bracken
- ♦ Rhododendron
- FOOTPATHS
 - Pitching for steep sections
 - Aggregate for gentle sections
 - Path definition as appropriate
- STOCK CONTROL
 - Dry stone walls to define improved pasture
- Fencing to exclude stock from moorland

Moorland

- INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL
 - ◊ Bracken
 - ♦ Rhododendron
- ♦ Mollina
- FOOTPATHS
 - Flagstones / pitching for muddy sections
 - ♦ Aggregate for drier sections
- Path definition as appropriate
- VEGETATION REGENERATION
 - Sphagnum beads
- STOCK CONTROL

Fencing with a lifespan of ten to twenty years

Contact us www.moorsforthefuture.org.uk T: 01629 816581 or at moors@peakdistrict.gov.uk





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